

# International Air Transport Association (IATA) Vision 2050 Report Assessment

Mrs. Velissa Thomas & Mr. Scott Burgess (Mentor)

## Introduction

An assessment of the “IATA Vision 2050” report (2011) included a review of the undertakings to date, a review of the feasibility of initiatives, an analysis of how goals and strategies can be achieved, and the significance this could play in the future for global aviation.

## Research Question

Does the global aviation industry adequately develop strategic planning that develops supporting businesses to ensure industry growth and longevity?

## Methods

- Meta-Analysis of relevant research and related documentation.
- Assessment related to the research question derives from outcome-based components of the aviation industry.
- Outcomes used to frame the analysis were IATA Vision 2050 main pillars:
  - Structuring for profitability.
  - Sufficient & efficient infrastructure.
  - Sustainable technology to power the industry.
  - Capability to meet the needs of the customer of the future.



(Foster + Partners 2014)



(Airbus 2011)

## Results

Understanding prospective future air transport volumes will help various aviation industry participants conduct strategic planning now. Strategic planning provides how to meet future needs for population growth through workforce training, addressing anticipated volumes, and economics. Working with governments today on policy changes that may be needed, and how to expand airline and airport operations to meet needs is of critical importance.

### Real Cost of Air Transport

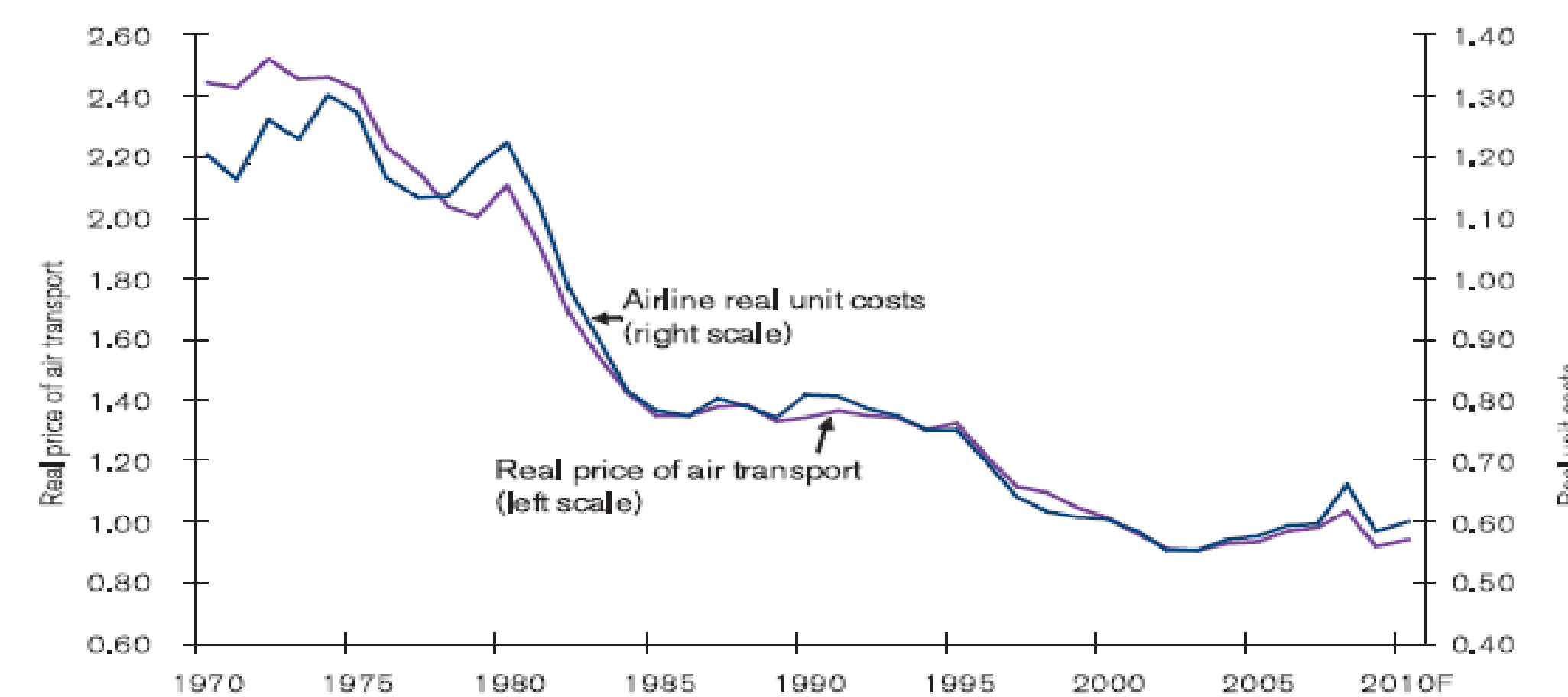


Figure 1. Real Cost of Air Transport by IATA (2011). This figure illustrates the real cost of air transport has more than halved since 1970 to 2011.

### Aviation Industry Growth by 2050

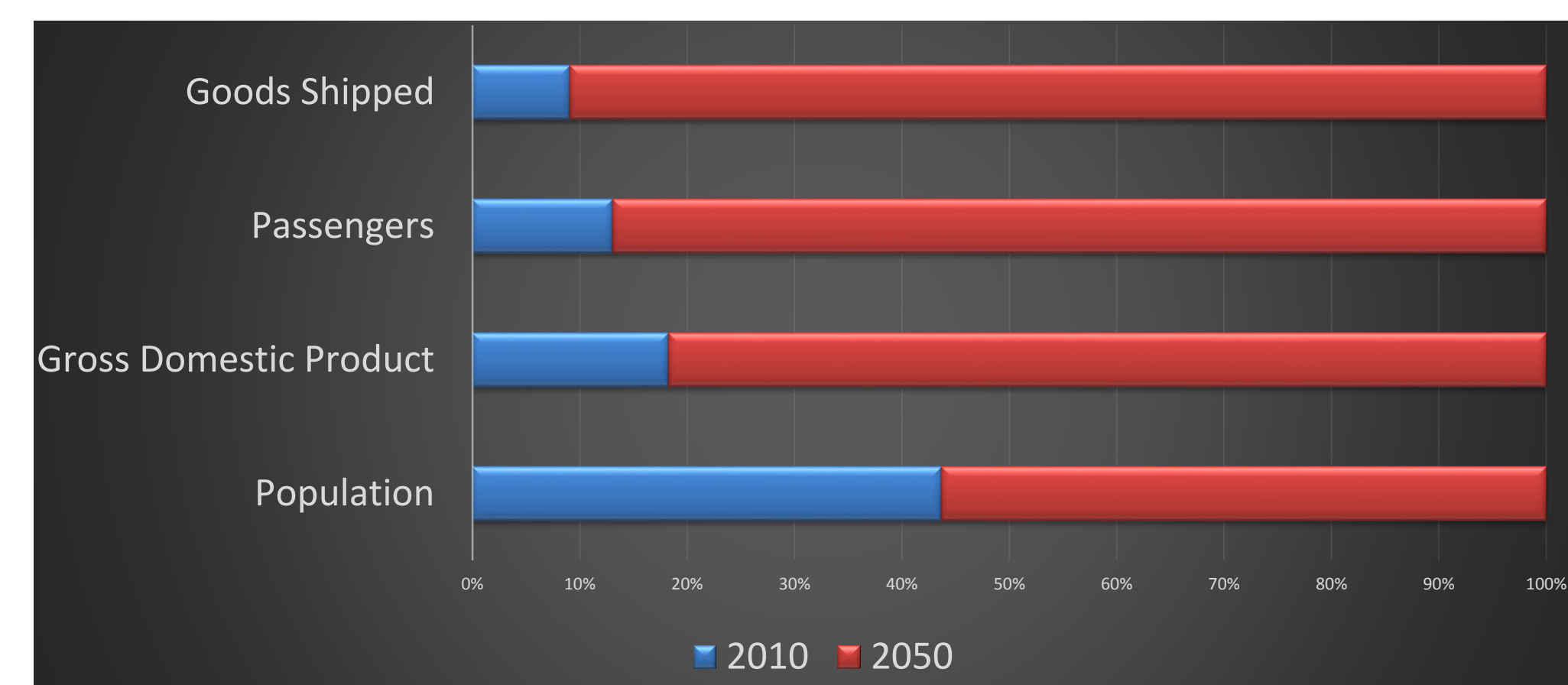


Figure 2. Aviation Industry in 2050 derived from Vision 2050, 2011, IATA. This figure illustrates the predict growth of the aviation industry since 2010 to 2050.

## Conclusions

- *Importance of Air Transport* to global and economic environments.
- *Government Efforts* to are actively generate and monitor progress.
- *Technologies* in work to identify new needs and modifying existing products.
- *Liberalization Lessons* from Europe found minimal impact on competitiveness.

## Summary

Globally, there is a need for strategic planning into the future that ensures customer priority, continuing airline pricing structures assessments, ensure the strength and profitability of aviation support industry, and sound infrastructure and technologies to support it.

## Future Directions

1. Long-term strategic planning
2. Ensuring actions are moving forward and not staling

## References

- Advisory Council for Aeronautics Research in Europe (ACARE). (2010). Beyond Vision 2020 (Towards 2050). Retrieved November 01, 2014 from [http://www.ggaia.net/h2020\\_docs/brochures/transportes/AK2008akgruand200document%20from%20ACARE.pdf](http://www.ggaia.net/h2020_docs/brochures/transportes/AK2008akgruand200document%20from%20ACARE.pdf)
- Air Transport Action Group (ATAG). (2014, April). Aviation Benefits beyond Borders. Retrieved November 01, 2014, from <http://aviationbenefits.org>
- Brunet, M., Boer, A., Gollnick, V., Loth, S., Martinez, G., Nieuwenhuisen, D. (2012). The EREA Vision on High Priority Research Axes towards Air Transport System 2050. ICAS 2012. Retrieved October 30, 2014 from [http://www.icas.org/ICAS\\_ARCHIVE/ICAS2012/PAPERS/229.PDF](http://www.icas.org/ICAS_ARCHIVE/ICAS2012/PAPERS/229.PDF)
- Dobruszkes, F. (2009). Does liberalisation of air transport imply increasing competition? Lessons from the European case. *Transport Policy*, 16(1), 29-39. doi:10.1016/j.tranpol.2009.02.007
- Economist, The. (2014, February 23). Why airlines make such meagre profits. Retrieved November 17, 2014, from <http://www.economist.com/blogs/economist-explains/2014/02/economist-explains-5>
- Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University. (2014). College of Aeronautics: Undergraduate Capstone Policy Guide. Retrieved November 4, 2014, from [https://erau.blackboard.com/bbcswebdav/institution/Worldwide\\_Online/ASCI\\_490\\_C/Aeronautics\\_US\\_Capstone\\_Policy\\_Guide.pdf](https://erau.blackboard.com/bbcswebdav/institution/Worldwide_Online/ASCI_490_C/Aeronautics_US_Capstone_Policy_Guide.pdf)
- Garnder, R. (2013, February). 2050 Vision. NASA Tech Briefs. Retrieved November 13, 2014 from <http://ntrpdf.techbriefs.net/2013/DTB0213.pdf>
- International Air Transport Association. (2011, February 12). IATA Vision 2050. Retrieved November 4, 2014, from [http://www.iata.org/pressroom/facts\\_figures/Documents/Vision-2050.pdf](http://www.iata.org/pressroom/facts_figures/Documents/Vision-2050.pdf)
- International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO). (2010). Environmental Report 2010: Aviation Outlook. Retrieved November 2, 2014 from [http://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Documents/EnvironmentReport2010/ICAO\\_EnvReport10-Outlook\\_en.pdf](http://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/Documents/EnvironmentReport2010/ICAO_EnvReport10-Outlook_en.pdf)
- Itani, N., O'Connell, J., & Mason, K. (2014). A Macro-Environment Approach to Civil Aviation Strategic Planning. *Transport Policy*, 33, 125-135. Retrieved October 25, 2014. doi: 10.1016/j.tranpol.2014.02.024
- McDougal, P. (2014, November 24). Shot Down? New FAA Rules Could Scuttle Amazon, Google Drone Plans. *International Business Times*. Retrieved December 07, 2014 from <http://www.ibtimes.com/shot-down-new-faa-rules-could-scuttle-amazon-google-drone-plans-1728543>
- NBAA. (2014, October 22). FAA, Industry Panelists Discuss Future for Unmanned Aircraft Systems. Retrieved October 24, 2014 from <http://www.nbaa.org/events/bace/2014/news/20141022-federal-aviation-administration-industry-panelists-discuss-future-for-unmanned-aircraft-systems.php>
- Overberg, P. (2013, February 13). As U.S. Birth Rate Drops, Concern For The Future Mounts. Retrieved November 3, 2014, from <http://www.usatoday.com/story/news/nation/2013/02/12/us-births-decline/180231/>
- Qian, C., Runtan, J., Jun, Z., & Ju, B. (2013). Prediction Method for China's Civil Aviation Fuel Consumption. *Canadian Social Science*, 9(6), 169-172. doi:10.3968/155192369720130906.2976
- QuickMBA. (2010). Porter's Five Forces. Retrieved November 30, 2014, from <http://www.quickmba.com/strategy/porter.shtml>
- Radu, M. E. (2013). International Civil Aviation Organization - Role in Air Transport Safety. *Knowledge Horizons-Economics*, 5(3), 107-111. Retrieved October 23, 2014, from <http://search.proquest.com/ezproxy.libproxy.db.erau.edu/docview/1520565078?accountid=27203>
- Regan, P. (2014). Open Skies or Closed Airports? *Journal of Management and Sustainability*, 4(2), 106-110. doi:10.5539/jms.v4n2p106
- Robehmed, N. (2014, June 14). How Dubai Became One Of The Most Important Aviation Hubs In The World. *Forbes Asia*. Retrieved October 24, 2014 from <http://www.forbes.com/sites/natalierobehmed/2014/06/14/how-dubai-became-one-of-the-most-important-aviation-hubs-in-the-world/>
- Samigithaya, K., & Poovendran, R. (2013). Aviation Cyber-Physical Systems: Foundations for Future Aircraft and Air Transport. *Proceedings of the IEEE*, 101(8), 1834-1855. doi:10.1109/JPROC.2012.2235131
- Sreenivasan, V. (2011, Feb 09). Charting the Future of Global Aviation. *The Business Times*. Retrieved October 23, 2014, from <http://search.proquest.com/ezproxy.libproxy.db.erau.edu/docview/852595765?accountid=27203>
- United Nations. (2014, September 23). Climate Summit 2014. Retrieved October 30, 2014, from [http://www.un.org/climatechange/summit/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2014/07/UN\\_ICAO-ATAG-Agreement\\_1\\_action-statement.pdf](http://www.un.org/climatechange/summit/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2014/07/UN_ICAO-ATAG-Agreement_1_action-statement.pdf)
- United States Government Accountability Office (GAO). (2013b, July). Appendix 1 of Aviation Status of DOT's Actions to Address the Future of Aviation Advisory Committee's Recommendations: Report to Congressional Requesters. *Knowledge Horizons-Economics*, 5(3), 107-111. Retrieved October 23, 2014, from <http://voyager.db.erau.edu/7008/web/holdingsinfo?searchId=1&recCount=50&recPointer=488&bitId=239470>
- United States Government Accountability Office (GAO). (July 2013). Aviation Status of DOT's Actions to Address the Future of Aviation Advisory Committee's Recommendations: Report to Congressional Requesters. *Knowledge Horizons-Economics*, 5(3), 107-111. Retrieved October 23, 2014, from <http://voyager.db.erau.edu/7008/web/holdingsinfo?searchId=1&recCount=50&recPointer=488&bitId=239470>
- Villaseñor, J. (2014). "Drones" and the Future of Domestic Aviation. *Proceedings of the IEEE*, 102(3), 235-238. doi:10.1109/JPROC.2014.2302875